

now growing to manhood; the time was
 now come
 to divide the mainland provinces
 among them,
 Roger the eldest was created Duke of
 Apulia,
 and was recognised as the heir to the
 throne,
 Alfonso, the second, was installed as
 Prince of
 Capua, and, in the former capital of
 Robert,
 received the homage of the vassals of
 the duchy.
 To show, however, that Roger in no way
 intended
 a division of royal power, the oaths
 were taken
 saving the fealty of the King and his
 successor,
 The third son, Tancred, became Prince
 of Bari;
 while for the defence of the Terra di
 Lavoro,
 Roger appointed his son-in-law, Adam,
 Count
 Robert, son of Richard, and Simon,
 Count of S,
 Angelo on Monte Gargano, who was
 the cousin
 of the King, each to serve in
 succession. The
 Camerarius Jocelyn was made King's
 Deputy and
 Procurator and given the duty of
 guiding and
 assisting the young princes,

By the distribution of the mainland
 kingdom
 among* his sons and kinsmen, Roger
 thus finally
 installed the Hautevilles in all the
 scattered con-
 quests of the Normans, both of Aversa
 and Apulia*
 The new titles themselves were a
 disclaimer of all
 former sovereignty; the one made

Prince Robert
of Capua's inheritance a thing of the
past, the
other made an end of the pretensions of
Grimoald
to Bari; the Norman lords of Aversa
and Capua,
contemporaries and rivals of the
earliest

of
Tancred, and the city-princes of the
old
capitals in Italy came to an end
together.